



In Early Years understanding the world through Geography is an important part of our curriculum. 'Understanding the World' encompasses a range of early geographical skills and knowledge in Early Years. Our focus for teaching and learning is on hands-on experience and developing the language and communication skills that will enable children to make comparisons, ask questions and make connections in their experiences. The children's developing understanding of place and community is like an ever-widening circle. We start by talking with the children about their homes, the people who live with them and the people who are important to them. We also talk about what makes them the same or different to other children. The children start to become aware of the local landmarks that are significant to them such as Smeaton's Lighthouse, and we incorporate photographs of these into a small world and block play. In Foundation, teachers talk about maps and use 'mapping' skills to plot place and story. We talk about Elburton and beyond and develop the children's understanding of place through talking about where we live, local landmarks and where other significant people in individual children's lives live. Alongside planned learning, children are encouraged to follow their own interests and create ideas around their own fascinations.

Implementation:

	Learning Experiences	Key Vocabulary and what children need to know	Outcomes
Nursery 2 Year Old Provision	 Explore the features of the outside area. Block play – creating buildings from imagination based on own first-hand experiences and interests. Small world and block play with photographs of local landmarks. Playing games of hide and seek, warmer/colder hiding objects games. Walks around the local area. Read stories about other countries, pirates, treasure maps, travel, transport etc. Share stories on animals from talking about where they might live in the wild 	Inside, outside, on top, under, shop, home, church, garden, nursery, factory, farm, train, car, bus, road, train track, pond, forest, garage, school	Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their setting and in the environment.



EYFS PROGRESSION MAP UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD - GEOGRAPHY



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Preschool	Explore the features of the outside area.	Inside, outside, on top, next to, behind,	Talk about what they see, using a wide
		under, shop, house, farm, church, school,	vocabulary.
	Talk about where Nursery is in relation to	road, pavement, flat, park, zebra	
	home.	crossing, bicycle, field, forest, pond,	
		playground, trike, dinner hall, library	
	Block play – creating buildings from		Begin to understand the need to respect
	imagination based on own first-hand		and care for the natural environment and
	experiences and interests.		all living things.
	Small world and block play with photographs		
	of local landmarks		
			Know that there are different countries in
	Use large globes and pictures of the world to		the world and talk about the differences
	show there are different countries.		they have experienced or seen in photos.
			,
	Invite children to share postcards and photos		
	from holiday experiences. Talk about and		
	compare different features in the outdoors.		
	Forest School Talking about story settings and		
	introducing vocabulary to describe place,		
	buildings, landmarks.		
	Go on walks around the local area, describing		
	what is seen.		
	Follow children's interest in wild animals and		
	which countries they live in.		
	Provide children with a range of resources		
	such as animals that live in colder climates and		
	features of other countries.		
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	Sharing stories that feature journeys and		
	language of position.		



EYFS PROGRESSION MAP UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD - GEOGRAPHY



	Playing positional games and hide and seek.		
Foundation	Visits to the local environment such as Forest,	Inside, outside, on top, next to, behind,	Draw information from a simple map.
	Elburton Village, Bus Trip into Plymouth,	under, around, near to, shop, house,	
	Library, Church, Farm.	factory, farm, flat, church, school,	
		mosque, road, pavement, flat, park,	
	Block play – creating buildings based on own	zebra crossing, bicycle, field, forest,	Understand that some places are special to
	first-hand experiences and interests.	pond, playground, trike, Dinner Hall,	members of their community.
		library, river, allotment, museum, Nature	
	Small world and block play with photographs	Reserve, Synagogue, map, left, right,	
	of local landmarks as a stimulus	zebra crossing.	
			Recognise some similarities and differences
	Drawing Simple maps. Posting Letters.		between life in this country and life in other
			countries.
	Forest School learning about the seasons	Oracy and language development in	
	throughout the year.	geography	
	Pretending to travel or go on holiday (journey)	Children should:	Explore the natural world around them.
	to different countries/cities such as London, of		
	the world.	Use appropriate geographical words to	
		help children make distinctions in their	
	Learning about looking after our planet, Earth	observations.	Describe what they see, hear and feel
	Day and how we can recycle and keep our		whilst outside.
	beaches, local environment clean.	e.g. 'town', 'village', 'road', 'path',	
		'flat', 'shop' and 'church',	
	Walk to post box – talking about street		
	furniture and the features of the local	Use of words that help children to	Recognise some environments that are
	environment, drawing simple maps.	express opinions,	different to the one in which they live.
	To explore their local environments, talking	e.g. 'busy', 'quiet' and 'pollution'.	
	about places, plants and animals that they		
	see.		
	The discussion is the state of	luture duran and the second second	
	Find out about their environment and talk	Introduce weather differences in	
	about those features they like and dislike.	different places.	





Talking about places in our school – going for a walk, locating places	Climate, temperature, rainfall, different, same, compare, changes.	
Observe, find out about and identify features in the place they live and in the natural world.		
Sharing stories about different places and journeys e.g. Rosie's Walk.		
Using children's own experiences of visiting/living in other countries/places.		